PAEDIATRIC SURGERY

PAPER - III

PED.SURG/D/15/29/III

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 100

Important instructions:

- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.

Write short notes on: a) What is 'Persistent Müllerian Duct Syndrome'? 3+(3+4)1 b) Presentation and management of a patient with this syndrome. 2. a) What is spina bifida occulta? 2 b) Evaluation, investigation and management of a patient with (2+3+3)spina bifida occulta associated with lumbosacral lipoma. a) Society for Fetal Urology (SFU) grading of hydronephrosis. 3. 4+6b) Role of radionuclide scans in the evaluation and management of hydronephrosis due to pelvi-ureteric junction obstruction. a) Advantages of Robotic Surgery over conventional laparoscopic 4. 6+4surgery. b) Name the robotic surgical systems in use. a) Role of Endoscopic Third Ventriculostomy (ETV) in 5. 5+5 management of hydrocephalus. b) Indications, merits and complications of use of ETV. a) Classify craniosynostosis. 6. 3+(3+4)b) Presentation and management of Crouzon's Syndrome. 7. What is 'valve bladder syndrome'? What is the etiopathogenesis 4+6of this syndrome? Role of laparoscopy in the diagnosis and management of 5+5 8. undescended testis. a) Enumerate the pediatric surgical conditions associated with 9. 6+4Down's syndrome. b) What is the usual form of anorectal malformation associated with Down's syndrome? 10. Presentation, differential diagnosis and management of Multicystic 3+4+3Dysplastic Kidney.